

**Los Angeles Police Relief
Association, Inc.**

CIGNA DENTAL PREFERRED
PROVIDER INSURANCE

(DPPO3/DPPO5 For Retirees without Ortho)

EFFECTIVE DATE: July 1, 2008

CN015
3214764

This document printed in May, 2008 takes the place of any documents previously issued to you which described your benefits.

Printed in U.S.A.

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*Home Office: Bloomfield, Connecticut
Mailing Address: Hartford, Connecticut 06152*

CONNECTICUT GENERAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

a CIGNA company (called CG) certifies that it insures certain Employees for the benefits provided by the following policy(s):

POLICYHOLDER: Los Angeles Police Relief Association, Inc.

GROUP POLICY(S) — COVERAGE

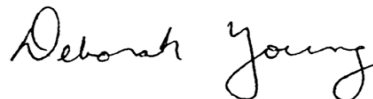
3214764 - DPPO3, DPPO5 CIGNA DENTAL PREFERRED PROVIDER INSURANCE

EFFECTIVE DATE: July 1, 2008

CERTIFICATEHOLDER: _____

This certificate describes the main features of the insurance. It does not waive or alter any of the terms of the policy(s). If questions arise, the policy(s) will govern.

This certificate takes the place of any other issued to you on a prior date which described the insurance.



Deborah Young, Corporate Secretary

CER1V22

Explanation of Terms

You will find terms starting with capital letters throughout your certificate. To help you understand your benefits, most of these terms are defined in the Definitions section of your certificate.

The Schedule

The Schedule is a brief outline of your maximum benefits which may be payable under your insurance. For a full description of each benefit, refer to the appropriate section listed in the Table of Contents.



Important Notices

To contact the Department of Insurance, write or call:

Consumer Affairs Division
California Department of Insurance
Ronald Reagan Building
300 South Spring Street
Los Angeles, CA 90013
Calling within California: 1-800-927-4357
Los Angeles Area and Outside California: 1-213-897-8921

The Department of Insurance should be contacted only after discussions with the insurer have failed to produce a satisfactory resolution to the problem.

Please read your entire certificate so you will know from whom, or what group of providers, in-network dental benefits may be obtained.

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How To File Your Claim

The prompt filing of any required claim form will result in faster payment of your claim.

You may get the required claim forms from your Benefit Plan Administrator. All fully completed claim forms and bills should be sent directly to your servicing CG Claim Office.

Dental Expenses

The first Dental Claim should be filed as soon as you have incurred covered expenses. Itemized copies of your bills should be sent with the claim form. If you have any additional bills after the first treatment, file them periodically.

You must follow the Predetermination of Benefits procedure when it is necessary for dental forms.

CLAIM REMINDERS:

- BE SURE TO USE YOUR MEMBER ID AND ACCOUNT NUMBER WHEN YOU FILE CG'S CLAIM FORMS, OR WHEN YOU CALL YOUR CG CLAIM OFFICE.

YOUR MEMBER ID IS THE ID SHOWN ON YOUR BENEFIT IDENTIFICATION CARD.

YOUR ACCOUNT NUMBER IS THE 7-DIGIT POLICY NUMBER SHOWN ON YOUR BENEFIT IDENTIFICATION CARD.

- PROMPT FILING OF ANY REQUIRED CLAIM FORMS RESULTS IN FASTER PAYMENT OF YOUR CLAIMS.

WARNING: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

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Accident and Health Provisions

Claims

Notice of Claim

Written notice of claim must be given to CG within 30 days after the occurrence or start of the loss on which claim is based. If notice is not given in that time, the claim will not be invalidated or reduced if it is shown that written notice was given as soon as was reasonably possible.

Claim Forms

When CG receives the notice of claim, it will give to the claimant, or to the Policyholder for the claimant, the claim forms which it uses for filing proof of loss. If the claimant does not get these claim forms within 15 days after CG receives notice of claim, he will be considered to meet the proof of loss requirements of the policy if he submits written proof of loss within 90 days after the date of loss. This proof must describe the occurrence, character and extent of the loss for which claim is made.

Proof of Loss

Written proof of loss must be given to CG within 90 days after the date of the loss for which claim is made. If written proof of loss is not given in that time, the claim will not be invalidated or reduced if it is shown that written proof of loss was given as soon as was reasonably possible.

Physical Examination

CG, at its own expense, will have the right to examine any person for whom claim is pending as often as it may reasonably require.

Legal Actions

Where CG has followed the terms of the policy, no action at law or in equity will be brought to recover on the policy until at least 60 days after proof of loss has been filed with CG. No action will be brought at all unless brought within 3 years after the time within which proof of loss is required.

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HOW COVERAGE BEGINS

ELIGIBLE STATUS

1. **Subscribers.** You are in an eligible status if you are a member of the following class:

Class 3: All sworn retired employees of the Los Angeles Police Department who are receiving a pension from the City of Los Angeles Department of Fire & Police Pensions and all retired employees of the Los Angeles Police Relief Association, Inc., the Los Angeles Police Protective League and the Los Angeles Retired Fire and Police Association who are eligible to participate as an employee in a LAPRA dental plan at the time of retirement and who are eligible to receive an employer pension as of the date of retirement.

Individuals who are not eligible for a subsidy with the Department of Fire and Police Pensions at the time they retire are eligible for coverage under the *agreement* provided they pay full monthly subscription charges. If the retiree subsequently becomes eligible for a subsidy, the retiree will then be responsible for the difference between the full monthly subscription charges and the subsidy amount paid on his or her behalf.

2. **Family Members.** The following persons are eligible to enroll as *family members*: (a) The *subscriber's spouse* or *domestic partner*; and (b) An unmarried *child*.
3. **Surviving Family Members.** Surviving family members as described under the **Definition of Family Members**:

1. If the *subscriber* dies while covered under this *plan* coverage continues for enrolled *family members*.

2. If a former *subscriber* dies while he or she or their *family members* are not covered under a plan offered by the Los Angeles Police Relief Association, Inc., surviving *family members* may become eligible to enroll in this *plan*:

- a. on the date of death of the former *subscriber*;
- b. during the open enrollment period;
- c. on the date the surviving *spouse* becomes eligible for a subsidy with the Department of Fire and Police Pensions; or
- d. on either (1) the surviving *family member's* pension approval date or (2) the date notification is received by the Los Angeles Police Relief Association, Inc. from the Department of Fire and Police Pensions of the surviving *family member's* Pension approval.

Coverage will continue for enrolled surviving *family members* until one of the following occurs:

1. Subscription charges are not paid to CIGNA on the *member's* behalf;
2. The *group* cancels coverage for the class of *subscribers* to which the *member* belongs;
3. The agreement between CIGNA and the *group* terminates; or
4. The *child* no longer meets all of the conditions of coverage as described under this section entitled HOW COVERAGE BEGINS AND ENDS.

Note:

- A surviving *spouse's* coverage may continue if he or she remarries or enters into a domestic partnership, but the new spouse or domestic partner, new stepchildren, the domestic partner's children or any new children may not be added to this *plan* as *family members*.
- A surviving *domestic partner's* coverage may continue if he or she enters into a new domestic partner relationship or marriage, but the new domestic partner or spouse, new stepchildren, new domestic partner's children or any new children may not be added to this plan as *family members*.

Definition of Family Member

1. **Spouse** is the *subscriber's* spouse under a legally valid marriage between persons of the opposite sex. Spouse does not include any person who is: (a) covered as a *subscriber*; or (b) in active service in the armed forces.
2. **Domestic partner** is the *subscriber's* domestic partner under (1) a legally registered and valid domestic partnership, or (2) an application for domestic partnership that has been approved by the Department of Fire and Police Pensions, and has been submitted by the *subscriber* to the LAPRA office..

Note: If both the *subscriber* and his or her *spouse* or *domestic partner* are eligible employees of the *group*, they are eligible to enroll for coverage as either a *subscriber* or as a dependent, but not as both. If both parents are covered as *subscribers*, their children may be covered as the *family members* of either, but not of both.

3. **Child** is the *subscriber's, spouse's* or *domestic partner's* unmarried natural child, stepchild, legally adopted child, or a child for whom the *subscriber, spouse, or domestic*



partner has been appointed legal guardian by a court of law, subject to the following requirements:

- a. The child is unmarried and either (i) the child resides with the *subscriber* for more than half the year (temporary absences for special circumstances, such as for school, vacation, and medical care, are permitted) and depends on the *subscriber* for support and maintenance (i.e., the *subscriber* provides over one-half of the child's support each year); or (ii) the *subscriber, spouse, or domestic partner*, is legally required to provide group health coverage for the child pursuant to an administrative or court order.
- b. The unmarried child is under 19 years of age, or if over the age of 19, that child is eligible until his or her 25th birthday, provided he or she is enrolled as a full-time student (for 9 or more credits) in a properly accredited two-year community college, four-year college or university, or an accredited post-high school trade or technical school.

An overage dependent (i.e., over 19 years of age) who enters or returns to an eligible status will become eligible for coverage on the date they return to a full time eligible status.

Note:

- If your child is a full-time student at an accredited school and graduates or finishes school, coverage will end at the end of the month that they graduate or finish school. For example, if they graduate in June, coverage will end on June 30th.
- If your child discontinues going to school or ceases to be a full time student (less than 9 credits), coverage will end at the end of the month that they are no longer eligible.

- c. A child who is in the process of being adopted is considered a legally adopted child if the *group* receives legal evidence of both: (i) the intent to adopt; and (ii) that the *subscriber, spouse, or domestic partner* has either: (a) the right to control the health care of the child; or (b) assumed a legal obligation for full or partial financial responsibility for the child in anticipation of the child's adoption. Legal evidence to control the health care of the child means a written document, including, but not limited to, a health facility minor release report, a medical authorization form, or relinquishment form, signed by the child's birth parent, or other appropriate authority, or in the absence of a written document, other evidence of the *subscriber's, spouse's, or domestic partner's* right to control the health care of the child.
- d. A child for whom the *subscriber, spouse, or domestic partner* is a legal guardian is considered eligible on the date of the court decree. We must receive legal evidence of the decree.
- e. A child for whom the *subscriber, spouse, or domestic partner* is legally required to provide group health coverage pursuant to an administrative or court order is considered eligible on the date of the order directing that a dependent be added for coverage. We must receive a copy of the administrative or court order.
- f. The term "child" does not include any person who is: (i) covered as a *subscriber* or (ii) in active service in the armed forces.

ELIGIBILITY DATE

1. For *subscribers*, you become eligible for coverage as follows:

Class 3: For Class 3 eligible retired employees, coverage begins as follows:

- a. For retirees who at the time of retirement were enrolled as an active employee in a plan sponsored by the Los Angeles Police Relief Association, Inc. or for retirees who were not enrolled at the time of retirement: on the first day of the month following the retiree's pension effective date.
- b. For retirees who (i) go off payroll while an active employee and do not lose coverage under the active plan, (ii) subsequently retire, and (iii) become eligible for a pension from the Department of Fire and Police Pensions with a pension effective date that is



retroactive to either before or after the off payroll date: on the first day of the month following either (1) the retiree's pension effective date, or (2) the date the Los Angeles Police Relief Association, Inc. receives notification from the Department of Fire and Police Pensions of the retiree's pension effective date. Coverage will be retroactive only to the extent permitted by CIGNA.

- c. For retirees who retire prior to becoming eligible for a subsidy from the Department of Fire and Police Pensions and who are not enrolled at the time they become eligible for a subsidy: on the first day of the month in which the retiree become eligible for a subsidy.
2. For *Family Members*: You become eligible for coverage on the later of: (a) the date the *subscriber* becomes eligible for coverage; or (b) the date you meet the *family member* definition.

ENROLLMENT

To enroll as a *subscriber*, or to enroll *family members*, the *subscriber* must properly file an application. An application is considered properly filed, only if it is personally signed, dated, and given to the *group* within 31 days from your eligibility date.

If you enroll an eligible *family member*, you must submit proof of dependent status, such as a copy of a certified marriage certificate, a copy of a certified birth certificate, a copy of a commemorative hospital birth certificate with the names of both parents, or Court approval of legal guardianship. If you do not have the required certificate or Court approval documents at the time of enrollment, you must submit temporary proof of dependent status and you have 60 days from your *family member's* effective date of coverage to submit the required documents. If you fail to submit required proof within the 60-day period, your *family member's* coverage will automatically be cancelled on the first day of the month following the end of the 60-day period. You must then wait until the next Open Enrollment Period to re-enroll your family member and submit proof of dependent status.



EFFECTIVE DATE

Your effective date of coverage is subject to the timely payment of subscription charges on your behalf. The date you become covered is determined as follows:

1. **Timely Enrollment:** If you enroll for coverage before, on, or within 31 days after your eligibility date, then your coverage will begin as follows: (a) for *subscribers*, on your eligibility date; and (b) for *family members*, on the later of: (i) the date the *subscriber's* coverage begins, or (ii) the first day of the month after the *family member* becomes eligible. If you become eligible before the agreement takes effect, coverage begins on the effective date of the *agreement*, provided the enrollment application is on time and in order.
2. **Late Enrollment.** If you fail to enroll within 31 days after your eligibility date, you must wait until the *group's* next Open Enrollment Period to enroll unless you experience a Qualified Family Status Change as described below. Qualified Family Status Changes include:
 - Birth, adoption or placement for adoption.
 - Marriage or legal and valid registration of a domestic partnership, or approval of a domestic partnership application by the Department of Fire and Police Pensions, whichever is applicable.
 - Divorce, legal separation, or annulment of a marriage, or the termination, legal separation or annulment of a domestic partnership, which results in your losing coverage under another plan.
 - Death of a family member which results in losing coverage under another plan.
 - Receipt of a court order requiring the subscriber to provide medical coverage for subscriber's child

Certain other event permitted by your group in accordance with law.

3. **Disenrollment:** If you voluntarily choose to disenroll from coverage under this *plan*, you will be eligible to reapply for coverage as set forth in the "Enrollment" provision above, during the *group's* next Open Enrollment period (see OPEN ENROLLMENT PERIOD).

For late enrollees and disenrollees: You may enroll earlier than the *group's* next Open Enrollment Period if you meet any of the conditions listed under SPECIAL ENROLLMENT PERIODS.

Important Note for Newborn and Newly-Adopted Children. If the *subscriber* is already covered: (1) any *child*

born to the *subscriber, spouse, or domestic partner* will be covered from the moment of birth; and (2) any *child* being adopted by the *subscriber* will be covered from the date on which either: (a) the adoptive *child's* birth parent, or other appropriate legal authority, signs a written document granting the *subscriber* the right to control the health care of the *child* (in the absence of a written document, other evidence of the *subscriber's* right to control the health care of the *child* may be used); or (b) the *subscriber* assumed a legal obligation for full or partial financial responsibility for the *child* in anticipation of the *child's* adoption. The written document referred to above includes, but is not limited to, a health facility minor release report, a medical authorization form, or relinquishment form.

For both newborn and newly adopted children, coverage will be in effect for 31 days only. For coverage to continue beyond this 31-day period, the *subscriber* must enroll the *child* within the 31-day period by submitting a membership change form to the group (see below for more details.)

Special Enrollment Periods

You (and your *family members* in certain instances) may enroll without waiting for the *group's* next open enrollment period if you are otherwise eligible under any one of the circumstances set forth below:

1. You have met all of the following requirements:
 - a. You were covered under another health plan as an individual or dependent, including coverage under a COBRA or CalCOBRA continuation, the Healthy Families Program, or no share-of-cost Medi-Cal coverage.
 - b. You certified in writing at the time you became eligible for coverage under this *plan* that you were declining coverage under this *plan* or disenrolling because you were covered under another health plan and you were given written notice that if you choose to enroll later, you may be required to wait until the *group's* next open enrollment period to do so.
 - c. Your coverage under the other health plan wherein you were covered as an individual or dependent ended because:
 - you lost eligibility under the other plan or employer contributions toward coverage under the other plan terminated,
 - your coverage under a COBRA or CalCOBRA continuation was exhausted,



- you lost coverage under the Healthy Families Program as a result of exceeding the program's income or age limits, or you lost no share-of-cost Medi-Cal coverage.

d. You properly file an application with the *group* within 31 days from the date on which you lose coverage.

If you meet the requirements above, coverage will become effective on the first day of the month following the month in which your other coverage was lost.

2. A court has ordered coverage be provided for a *spouse* or domestic partner or dependent *child* under your retiree health plan, and such individual is otherwise eligible for coverage under the plan. Coverage will become effective on the first day of the month following the date we receive a copy of the order and a completed enrollment form.
3. We do not have a written statement from the *group* stating that prior to declining coverage or disenrolling, you received and signed acknowledgment of a written notice specifying that if you do not enroll for coverage within 31 days after your eligibility date, or if you disenroll, and later file an enrollment application, your coverage may not begin until the designated date following the open enrollment period.
4. You have a change in family status through either marriage, domestic partnership or the birth, adoption, or placement for adoption of a *child*.
 - a. If you get married, you may enroll your new *spouse*. You must enroll your new *spouse* within 31 days of the date of marriage. Your new *spouse's* children may also enroll at that time. Other children may not enroll at that time unless they qualify under another of these circumstances listed above. Coverage will be effective on the first day of the month following the date of marriage.
 - b. If you acquire a new dependent *child* by reason of birth, adoption, or placement for adoption, you may enroll your new dependent *child*. At that time, you may also enroll your *spouse* if he or she is eligible but not enrolled. Other children may not enroll at that time unless they qualify under another of these circumstances listed above. Application must be made within 31 days of the birth or date of adoption or placement for adoption; coverage will be effective as of the date of birth or adoption.
 - c. If you are enrolling a new domestic partner, your enrollment application must be received within 31

days of the legal and valid registration of a domestic partnership, or approval of a domestic partnership application by the Department of Fire and Police Pensions, whichever is applicable. Coverage will be effective on the first day of the month following the date of the legal and valid registration of a domestic partnership, or approval of a domestic partnership application by the Department of Fire and Police Pensions.

OPEN ENROLLMENT PERIOD

The *group* has a reenrollment period once each *year*. This period is determined between CIGNA and the *group*. During that time, an individual who meets the eligibility requirements as a *subscriber* under this *plan* may enroll. A *subscriber* may also enroll any eligible *family members* at that time. Persons eligible to enroll as *family members* may enroll only under the *subscriber's* plan.

For anyone so enrolling, coverage under this *plan* will begin on the designated date following the Open Enrollment Period.

HOW COVERAGE ENDS

Your coverage ends without notice from CIGNA as provided below:

1. If the *agreement* between the *group* and CIGNA terminates, your coverage ends at the same time. This *agreement* may be cancelled or changed without notice to *members*.
2. If the *group* no longer provides coverage for the class of *members* to which you belong, your coverage ends on the effective date of that change. If this *agreement* is amended to delete coverage for *family members*, a *family member's* coverage ends on the effective date of that change.
3. Coverage for *family members* ends when *subscriber's* coverage ends.
4. Coverage ends at the end of the period for which subscription charges have been paid to CIGNA on your behalf when the required subscription charges for the next period are not paid.
5. If you voluntarily cancel coverage at any time, as permitted by the plan, coverage ends on the last day of the month following the date you file a coverage cancellation form.
6. If you no longer meet the requirements set forth in the "Eligible Status" provision of HOW COVERAGE BEGINS AND ENDS: HOW COVERAGE BEGINS, your coverage ends on the subscription charge due date coinciding with or following the date you cease to meet such requirements.



Exception to item 6:

Handicapped Children: If a *child* reaches the age limits shown in the “Eligible Status” provision of this section, the *child* will continue to qualify as a *family member* if he or she: (i) is covered under this *plan*; (ii) qualifies as a dependent of the *subscriber* for federal income tax purposes; (iii) still resides with the *subscriber* for more than half the year and still depends on the *subscriber* for support and maintenance (i.e., the *subscriber* provides over one-half of the child’s support each year); and (iv) is incapable of self-sustaining employment due to a physical handicap or mental retardation. A *physician* must certify this disability in writing. CIGNA must receive the certification, at no expense to CIGNA, within 31 days of the date the *child* otherwise becomes ineligible. When a period of two years has passed, CIGNA may request proof of continuing dependency and disability, but not more often than once each year. This exception will last until the *child* no longer meets all of the requirements listed above.

7. If the *subscriber’s* domestic partnership was established through the approval of a domestic partnership application of the Department of Fire and Police Pensions and the *subscriber’s* domestic partnership terminates, the *subscriber* must give or send to the Department of Fire and Police Pensions written notice of the termination by providing a signed copy of the Affidavit of Termination of Domestic Partnership, and the *subscriber* must contact the Los Angeles Police Relief Association, Inc. to complete the necessary forms to terminate the domestic partnership. If a *subscriber’s* marriage or legally registered domestic partnership terminates, the *subscriber* must contact the Los Angeles Police Relief Association, Inc., provide a copy of the signed divorce or domestic partner termination decree, and complete the necessary forms to remove the *spouse* or domestic partner from coverage. Coverage for a former *spouse* or *domestic partner*, and their *children*, if any, ends according to the “Eligible Status” provisions. If CIGNA suffers a loss because the *subscriber* fails to notify the *group* of the termination of the *subscriber’s* marriage or domestic partnership, CIGNA may seek recovery from the *subscriber* for any actual loss resulting thereby. Failure to provide written notice to the *group* will not delay or prevent loss of eligibility for coverage or termination of the marriage or domestic partnership. If the *subscriber* notifies the *group* in writing to cancel coverage for a former *spouse* or *domestic partner* and the *children* of the *spouse* or *domestic partner*, if any, immediately upon termination of the *subscriber’s* marriage or domestic partnership, such notice will be considered compliance with the requirements of this provision.

You may be entitled to continued benefits under terms which are specified elsewhere under CONTINUATION OF COVERAGE, COVERAGE FOR SURVIVING FAMILY MEMBERS, EXTENSION OF BENEFITS AND HIPAA COVERAGE.



CIGNA Dental Preferred Provider Insurance

The Schedule

For You and Your Dependents

The Schedule

The Dental Benefits Plan offered by your Employer includes two options. When you select a Participating Provider, this plan pays a greater share of the cost than if you were to select a Non-Participating Provider.

Emergency Services

The Benefit Percentage for Emergency Services incurred for charges made by a Non-Participating Provider is the same Benefit Percentage as for Participating Provider Charges. Dental Emergency services are required immediately to either alleviate pain or to treat the sudden onset of an acute dental condition. These are usually minor procedures performed in response to serious symptoms, which temporarily relieve significant pain, but do not effect a definitive cure, and which, if not rendered, will likely result in a more serious dental or medical complication.

Deductibles

Deductibles are expenses to be paid by you or your Dependent. Deductibles are in addition to any Coinsurance. Once the Deductible maximum in The Schedule has been reached you and your family need not satisfy any further dental deductible for the rest of that year.

Participating Provider Payment

Participating Provider services are paid based on the Contracted Fee agreed upon by the provider and CG.

Non-Participating Provider Payment

Non-Participating Provider services are paid based on the Maximum Reimbursable Charge. For this plan, the Maximum Reimbursable Charge is calculated at the 90th percentile of all provider charges in the geographic area.

Standard Carryover Provision

Dental Expenses that were incurred and applied toward the Individual or Family Deductible during the last 3 months of the calendar year will be applied toward the next year's Deductible.

Simultaneous Accumulation of Amounts

Expenses incurred for either Participating or non-Participating Provider charges will be used to satisfy both the Participating and non-Participating Provider Deductibles shown in the Schedule.

Benefits paid for Participating and non-Participating Provider services will be applied toward both the Participating and non-Participating Provider maximum shown in the Schedule.



BENEFIT HIGHLIGHTS	PARTICIPATING PROVIDER	NON-PARTICIPATING PROVIDER
Classes I, II, III Combined Calendar Year Maximum	\$1,500	
Calendar Year Deductible Individual Family Maximum	\$25 per person \$75 per family	
Class I Preventive Care	100% no deductible	80% after plan deductible
Class II Basic Restorative	80% after plan deductible	70% after plan deductible
Class III Major Restorative	50% after plan deductible	40% after plan deductible



Covered Dental Expense

Covered Dental Expense means that portion of a Dentist’s charge that is payable for a service delivered to a covered person provided:

- the service is ordered or prescribed by a Dentist;
- is essential for the Necessary care of teeth;
- the service is within the scope of coverage limitations;
- the deductible amount in The Schedule has been met;
- the maximum benefit in The Schedule has not been exceeded;
- the charge does not exceed the amount allowed under the Alternate Benefit Provision;
- for Class I, II or III the service is started and completed while coverage is in effect, except for services described in the “Benefits Extension” section.

GM6000 DEN160

Alternate Benefit Provision

If more than one covered service will treat a dental condition, payment is limited to the least costly service provided it is a professionally accepted, necessary and appropriate treatment.

If the covered person requests or accepts a more costly covered service, he or she is responsible for expenses that exceed the amount covered for the least costly service. Therefore, CG recommends Predetermination of Benefits before major treatment begins.

Predetermination of Benefits

Predetermination of Benefits is a voluntary review of a Dentist’s proposed treatment plan and expected charges. It is not preauthorization of service and is not required.

The treatment plan should include supporting pre-operative x-rays and other diagnostic materials as requested by CG’s dental consultant. If there is a change in the treatment plan, a revised plan should be submitted.

CG will determine covered dental expenses for the proposed treatment plan. If there is no Predetermination of Benefits, CG will determine covered dental expenses when it receives a claim.

Review of proposed treatment is advised whenever extensive dental work is recommended (when charges exceed \$200).

Predetermination of Benefits is not a guarantee of a set payment. Payment is based on the services that are actually delivered and the coverage in force at the time services are completed.

GM6000 DEN161 M

Missing Teeth Limitation

The amount payable for the replacement of teeth that are missing when a person first becomes insured is 50% of the amount payable for the replacement of teeth that are extracted after a person has dental coverage.

This payment limitation no longer applies after 24 months of continuous coverage.

The Missing Tooth Limit will not apply to any person who is a member of the Initial Employee Group.

GM6000 DEN165 M

Late Entrant Limit

Coverage for late entrants:

- Class I and Class II services are paid at the amounts set forth in The Schedule.
- All other classes of service are paid at 50% of the amounts set forth in The Schedule.
- After a person has been continuously insured for 24 months, this limit no longer applies.

GM6000 DEN172

Covered Services

The following section lists covered dental services. CG may agree to cover expenses for a service not listed. To be considered the service should be identified using the American Dental Association Uniform Code of Dental Procedures and Nomenclature, or by description and then submitted to CG.

GM6000 DEN166V2

Dental PPO – Participating and Non-Participating Providers

Payment for a service delivered by a Participating Provider is the Contracted Fee, times the benefit percentage that applies to the class of service, as specified in the Schedule.

The covered person is responsible for the balance of the Contracted Fee.

Payment for a service delivered by a non-Participating Provider is the Maximum Reimbursable Charge times the benefit percentage that applies to the class of service, as specified in the Schedule.

The covered person is responsible for the balance of the provider’s actual charge.

GM6000 DES426



Class I Services – Diagnostic And Preventive

Clinical oral examination – Only 2 per person per calendar year.

Palliative (emergency) treatment of dental pain, minor procedures, when no other definitive Dental Services are performed. (Any x-ray taken in connection with such treatment is a separate Dental Service.)

X-rays – Complete series – Only one per person, including panoramic film, in any 3 calendar years.

Bitewing x-rays – Only 2 charges per person per calendar year.

Panoramic (Panorex) x-ray – Only one per person in any 3 calendar years.

Prophylaxis (Cleaning) – Only 2 per person per calendar year.

Periodontal maintenance procedures (following active therapy), Periodontal Prophylaxis.

Topical application of fluoride (excluding prophylaxis) – Limited to persons less than 19 years old. Only one per person per calendar year.

Topical application of sealant, per tooth, on a posterior tooth for a person less than 14 years old – Only one treatment per tooth in any 3 calendar years.

Space Maintainers, fixed unilateral – Limited to nonorthodontic treatment.

GM6000 DES297V5

Class II Services – Basic Restorations, Endodontics, Periodontics, Prosthodontic Maintenance And Oral Surgery

Amalgam Filling – One Surface

Composite/Resin Filling, One Surface

Root Canal Therapy – Any x-ray, test, laboratory exam or follow-up care is part of the allowance for root canal therapy and not a separate Dental Service.

Osseous Surgery – Flap entry and closure is part of the allowance for osseous surgery and not a separate Dental Service.

Periodontal Scaling and Root Planing – Entire Mouth

Adjustments – Complete Denture

Any adjustment of or repair to a denture within 6 months of its installation is not a separate Dental Service.

Recent Bridge

Routine Extractions

Surgical Removal of Erupted Tooth Requiring Elevation of

Mucoperiosteal Flap and Removal of Bone and/or Section of Tooth

Removal of Impacted Tooth, Soft Tissue

Removal of Impacted Tooth, Partially Bony

Removal of Impacted Tooth, Completely Bony

Local anesthetic, analgesic and routine postoperative care for extractions and other oral surgery procedures are not separately reimbursed but are considered as part of the submitted fee for the global surgical procedure.

General Anesthesia – Paid as a separate benefit only when Medically or Dentally Necessary, as determined by CG, and when administered in conjunction with complex oral surgical procedures which are covered under this plan.

I. V. Sedation – Paid as a separate benefit only when Medically or Dentally Necessary, as determined by CG, and when administered in conjunction with complex oral surgical procedures which are covered under this plan.

GM6000 DES298V5

Class III Services - Major Restorations, Dentures and Bridgework

High Noble Metal (gold) or Crown restorations are Dental Services only when the tooth, as a result of extensive caries or fracture, cannot be restored with amalgam, composite/resin, silicate, acrylic or plastic restoration.

Crowns

Porcelain Fused to High Noble Metal

Full Cast, High Noble Metal

Three-Fourths Cast, Metallic

Fixed or Removable Appliances

Complete (Full) Dentures, Upper or Lower

Partial Dentures

Lower, Cast Metal Base with Resin Saddles (including any conventional clasps, rests and teeth)

Upper, Cast Metal Base with Resin Saddles (including any conventional clasps rests and teeth)

Bridge Pontics - Cast High Noble Metal

Bridge Pontics - Porcelain Fused to High Noble Metal

Bridge Pontics - Resin with High Noble Metal

Retainer Crowns - Resin with High Noble Metal

Retainer Crowns - Porcelain Fused to High Noble Metal

Retainer Crowns - Full Cast High Noble Metal

Prosthesis Over Implant – A prosthetic device, supported by an implant or implant abutment is a Covered Expense.

Replacement of any type of prosthesis with a prosthesis



supported by an implant or implant abutment is only payable if the existing prosthesis is at least 5 calendar years old, is not serviceable and cannot be repaired.

GM6000 DES302V5

Expenses Not Covered

Covered Expenses will not include, and no payment will be made for:

- services performed solely for cosmetic reasons;
- replacement of a lost or stolen appliance;
- replacement of a bridge, crown or denture within 5 years after the date it was originally installed unless: (a) the replacement is made necessary by the placement of an original opposing full denture or the necessary extraction of natural teeth; or (b) the bridge, crown or denture, while in the mouth, has been damaged beyond repair as a result of an injury received while a person is insured for these benefits;
- any replacement of a bridge, crown or denture which is or can be made useable according to common dental standards;
- procedures, appliances or restorations (except full dentures) whose main purpose is to: (a) change vertical dimension; (b) diagnose or treat conditions or dysfunction of the temporomandibular joint; (c) stabilize periodontally involved teeth; or (d) restore occlusion;
- porcelain or acrylic veneers of crowns or pontics on, or replacing the upper and lower first, second and third molars;
- bite registrations; precision or semiprecision attachments; or splinting;

GM6000 DEN183

- instruction for plaque control, oral hygiene and diet;
- dental services that do not meet common dental standards;
- services that are deemed to be medical services;
- services and supplies received from a Hospital;
- orthodontic treatment;

- the surgical placement of an implant body or framework of any type; surgical procedures in anticipation of implant placement; any device, index, or surgical template guide used for implant surgery; treatment or repair of an existing implant; prefabricated or custom implant abutments; removal of an existing implant;
- services for which benefits are not payable according to the "General Limitations" section.

GM6000 DEN186



The following general provisions apply to the benefits underwritten by Connecticut General Life Insurance Company described in the previous section.

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General Limitations

Dental Benefits

No payment will be made for expenses incurred for you or any one of your Dependents:

- for or in connection with an Injury arising out of, or in the course of, any employment for wage or profit;
- for or in connection with a Sickness which is covered under any workers' compensation or similar law;
- for charges made by a Hospital owned or operated by or which provides care or performs services for, the United States Government, if such charges are directly related to a military-service-connected condition;
- services or supplies received as a result of dental disease, defect or injury due to an act of war, declared or undeclared;
- to the extent that payment is unlawful where the person resides when the expenses are incurred;
- for charges which the person is not legally required to pay;
- for charges which would not have been made if the person had no insurance;
- to the extent that billed charges exceed the rate of reimbursement as described in the Schedule;
- for charges for unnecessary care, treatment or surgery;
- to the extent that you or any of your Dependents is in any way paid or entitled to payment for those expenses by or through a public program, other than Medicaid;
- for or in connection with experimental procedures or treatment methods not approved by the American Dental Association or the appropriate dental specialty society.

GM6000 GEN312V4

Coordination of Benefits

This section applies if you or any one of your Dependents is covered under more than one Plan and determines how benefits payable from all such Plans will be coordinated. You should file all claims with each Plan.

Definitions

For the purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings set forth below:

Plan

Any of the following that provides benefits or services for dental care or treatment:

- (1) Group insurance and/or group-type coverage, whether insured or self-insured which neither can be purchased by

the general public, nor is individually underwritten, including closed panel coverage.

- (2) Governmental benefits as permitted by law, excepting Medicaid, Medicare and Medicare supplement policies.
- (3) Medical benefits coverage of group, group-type, and individual automobile contracts.

Each Plan or part of a Plan which has the right to coordinate benefits will be considered a separate Plan.

Closed Panel Plan

A Plan that provides medical or dental benefits primarily in the form of services through a panel of employed or contracted providers, and that limits or excludes benefits provided by providers outside of the panel, except in the case of emergency or if referred by a provider within the panel.

Primary Plan

The Plan that determines and provides or pays benefits without taking into consideration the existence of any other Plan.

Secondary Plan

A Plan that determines, and may reduce its benefits after taking into consideration, the benefits provided or paid by the Primary Plan. A Secondary Plan may also recover from the Primary Plan the Reasonable Cash Value of any services it provided to you.

GM6000 COB11 V7

Allowable Expense

A necessary, reasonable and customary service or expense, including deductibles, coinsurance or copayments, that is covered in full or in part by any Plan covering you. When a Plan provides benefits in the form of services, the Reasonable Cash Value of each service is the Allowable Expense and is a paid benefit.

Examples of expenses or services that are not Allowable Expenses include, but are not limited to the following:

- An expense or service or a portion of an expense or service that is not covered by any of the Plans is not an Allowable Expense.
- If you are covered by two or more Plans that provide services or supplies on the basis of reasonable and customary fees, any amount in excess of the highest reasonable and customary fee is not an Allowable Expense.
- If you are covered by one Plan that provides services or supplies on the basis of reasonable and customary fees and one Plan that provides services and supplies on the basis of negotiated fees, the Primary Plan's fee arrangement shall be the Allowable Expense.



- If your benefits are reduced under the Primary Plan (through the imposition of a higher copayment amount, higher coinsurance percentage, a deductible and/or a penalty) because you did not comply with Plan provisions or because you did not use a preferred provider, the amount of the reduction is not an Allowable Expense. Such Plan provisions include second surgical opinions and precertification of admissions or services.

Claim Determination Period

A calendar year, but does not include any part of a year during which you are not covered under this policy or any date before this section or any similar provision takes effect.

GM6000 COB12

Reasonable Cash Value

An amount which a duly licensed provider of health care services usually charges patients and which is within the range of fees usually charged for the same service by other health care providers located within the immediate geographic area where the health care service is rendered under similar or comparable circumstances.

Order of Benefit Determination Rules

A Plan that does not have a coordination of benefits rule consistent with this section shall always be the Primary Plan. If the Plan does have a coordination of benefits rule consistent with this section, the first of the following rules that applies to the situation is the one to use:

- (1) The Plan that covers you as an enrollee or an employee shall be the Primary Plan and the Plan that covers you as a Dependent shall be the Secondary Plan;
- (2) If you are a Dependent child whose parents are not divorced or legally separated, the Primary Plan shall be the Plan which covers the parent whose birthday falls first in the calendar year as an enrollee or employee;
- (3) If you are the Dependent of divorced or separated parents, benefits for the Dependent shall be determined in the following order:
 - (a) first, if a court decree states that one parent is responsible for the child's healthcare expenses or health coverage and the Plan for that parent has actual knowledge of the terms of the order, but only from the time of actual knowledge;
 - (b) then, the Plan of the parent with custody of the child;

- (c) then, the Plan of the spouse of the parent with custody of the child;
- (d) then, the Plan of the parent not having custody of the child, and
- (e) finally, the Plan of the spouse of the parent not having custody of the child.

GM6000 COB13

- (4) The Plan that covers you as an active employee (or as that employee's Dependent) shall be the Primary Plan and the Plan that covers you as laid-off or retired employee (or as that employee's Dependent) shall be the secondary Plan. If the other Plan does not have a similar provision and, as a result, the Plans cannot agree on the order of benefit determination, this paragraph shall not apply.
- (5) The Plan that covers you under a right of continuation which is provided by federal or state law shall be the Secondary Plan and the Plan that covers you as an active employee or retiree (or as that employee's Dependent) shall be the Primary Plan. If the other Plan does not have a similar provision and, as a result, the Plans cannot agree on the order of benefit determination, this paragraph shall not apply.
- (6) If one of the Plans that covers you is issued out of the state whose laws govern this Policy, and determines the order of benefits based upon the gender of a parent, and as a result, the Plans do not agree on the order of benefit determination, the Plan with the gender rules shall determine the order of benefits.

If none of the above rules determines the order of benefits, the Plan that has covered you for the longer period of time shall be primary.

Effect on the Benefits of This Plan

If this Plan is the Secondary Plan, this Plan may reduce benefits so that the total benefits paid by all Plans during a Claim Determination Period are not more than 100% of the total of all Allowable Expenses.

The difference between the amount that this Plan would have paid if this Plan had been the Primary Plan, and the benefit payments that this Plan had actually paid as the Secondary Plan, will be recorded as a benefit reserve for you. CG will use this benefit reserve to pay any Allowable Expense not otherwise paid during the Claim Determination Period.

GM6000 COB14 V7

As each claim is submitted, CG will determine the following:

- (1) CG's obligation to provide services and supplies under this policy;



- (2) whether a benefit reserve has been recorded for you; and
- (3) whether there are any unpaid Allowable Expenses during the Claims Determination Period.

If there is a benefit reserve, CG will use the benefit reserve recorded for you to pay up to 100% of the total of all Allowable Expenses. At the end of the Claim Determination Period, your benefit reserve will return to zero and a new benefit reserve will be calculated for each new Claim Determination Period.

Recovery of Excess Benefits

If CG pays charges for benefits that should have been paid by the Primary Plan, or if CG pays charges in excess of those for which we are obligated to provide under the Policy, CG will have the right to recover the actual payment made or the Reasonable Cash Value of any services.

CG will have sole discretion to seek such recovery from any person to, or for whom, or with respect to whom, such services were provided or such payments made by any insurance company, healthcare plan or other organization. If we request, you must execute and deliver to us such instruments and documents as we determine are necessary to secure the right of recovery.

Right to Receive and Release Information

CG, without consent or notice to you, may obtain information from and release information to any other Plan with respect to you in order to coordinate your benefits pursuant to this section. You must provide us with any information we request in order to coordinate your benefits pursuant to this section. This request may occur in connection with a submitted claim; if so, you will be advised that the "other coverage" information, (including an Explanation of Benefits paid under the Primary Plan) is required before the claim will be processed for payment. If no response is received within 90 days of the request, the claim will be denied. If the requested information is subsequently received, the claim will be processed.

GM6000 COB15

Expenses For Which A Third Party May Be Liable

This policy does not cover expenses for which another party may be responsible as a result of having caused or contributed to the Injury or Sickness. If you incur a Covered Expense for which, in the opinion of CG, another party may be liable:

- 1. CG shall, to the extent permitted by law, be subrogated to all rights, claims or interests which you may have against such party and shall automatically have a lien upon the proceeds of any recovery by you from such party to the

extent of any benefits paid under the Policy. You or your representative shall execute such documents as may be required to secure CG's subrogation rights.

- 2. Alternatively, CG may, at its sole discretion, pay the benefits otherwise payable under the Policy. However, you must first agree in writing to refund to CG the lesser of:
 - a. the amount actually paid for such Covered Expenses by CG; or
 - b. the amount you actually receive from the third party for such Covered Expenses;
 at the time that the third party's liability is determined and satisfied, whether by settlement, judgment, arbitration or award or otherwise.

GM6000 CCP7
CCL7

Payment of Benefits

To Whom Payable

All Dental Benefits are payable to you. However, at the option of CG and with the consent of the Policyholder, all or any part of them may be paid directly to the person or institution on whose charge claim is based.

If any person to whom benefits are payable is a minor or, in the opinion of CG, is not able to give a valid receipt for any payment due him, such payment will be made to his legal guardian. If no request for payment has been made by his legal guardian, CG may, at its option, make payment to the person or institution appearing to have assumed his custody and support.

If you die while any of these benefits remain unpaid, CG may choose to make direct payment to any of your following living relatives: spouse, mother, father, child or children, brothers or sisters; or to the executors or administrators of your estate.

Payment as described above will release CG from all liability to the extent of any payment made.

Time of Payment

Benefits will be paid by CG when it receives due proof of loss.

Recovery of Overpayment

When an overpayment has been made by CG, CG will have the right at any time to: (a) recover that overpayment from the person to whom or on whose behalf it was made; or (b) offset the amount of that overpayment from a future claim payment.

GM6000 POB12
PMT135V16



Miscellaneous

If you are a CIGNA Dental plan member as well as a member of a CIGNA medical plan, you may be eligible for additional dental benefits during certain episodes of care. For example, certain frequency limitations for dental services may be relaxed for pregnant women, diabetics or those with cardiac disease. Please review your plan enrollment materials for details.

GM6000 POB8

Dental Benefits Extension

An expense incurred in connection with a Dental Service that is completed after a person's benefits cease will be deemed to be incurred while he is insured if:

- for fixed bridgework and full or partial dentures, the first impressions are taken and/or abutment teeth fully prepared while he is insured and the device installed or delivered to him within 3 calendar months after his insurance ceases.
- for a crown, inlay or onlay, the tooth is prepared while he is insured and the crown, inlay or onlay installed within 3 calendar months after his insurance ceases.
- for root canal therapy, the pulp chamber of the tooth is opened while he is insured and the treatment is completed within 3 calendar months after his insurance ceases.

There is no extension for any Dental Service not shown above.

GM6000 BE6
BEX131

Federal Requirements

The following pages explain your rights and responsibilities under federal laws and regulations. Some states may have similar requirements. If a similar provision appears elsewhere in this booklet, the provision which provides the better benefit will apply.

FDRL1

Notice of Provider Directory/Networks

Notice Regarding Provider Directories and Provider Networks

If your Plan utilizes a network of Providers, you will automatically and without charge, receive a separate listing of Participating Providers.

You may also have access to a list of Providers who participate in the network by visiting www.cigna.com; mycigna.com or by calling the toll-free telephone number on your ID card.

Your Participating Provider network consists of a group of local dental practitioners, of varied specialties as well as general practice, who are employed by or contracted with CIGNA HealthCare or CIGNA Dental Health.

FDRL32

Qualified Medical Child Support Order (QMCSO)

A. Eligibility for Coverage Under a QMCSO

If a Qualified Medical Child Support Order (QMCSO) is issued for your child, that child will be eligible for coverage as required by the order and you will not be considered a Late Entrant for Dependent Insurance.

You must notify your Employer and elect coverage for that child, and yourself if you are not already enrolled, within 31 days of the QMCSO being issued.

B. Qualified Medical Child Support Order Defined

A Qualified Medical Child Support Order is a judgment, decree or order (including approval of a settlement agreement) or administrative notice, which is issued pursuant to a state domestic relations law (including a community property law), or to an administrative process, which provides for child support or provides for health benefit coverage to such child and relates to benefits under the group health plan, and satisfies all of the following:

1. the order recognizes or creates a child's right to receive group health benefits for which a participant or beneficiary is eligible;
2. the order specifies your name and last known address, and the child's name and last known address, except that the name and address of an official of a state or political subdivision may be substituted for the child's mailing address;
3. the order provides a description of the coverage to be provided, or the manner in which the type of coverage is to be determined;
4. the order states the period to which it applies; and
5. if the order is a National Medical Support Notice completed in accordance with the Child Support Performance and Incentive Act of 1998, such Notice meets the requirements above.

The QMCSO may not require the health insurance policy to provide coverage for any type or form of benefit or option not otherwise provided under the policy, except that an order may



require a plan to comply with State laws regarding health care coverage.

C. Payment of Benefits

Any payment of benefits in reimbursement for Covered Expenses paid by the child, or the child’s custodial parent or legal guardian, shall be made to the child, the child’s custodial parent or legal guardian, or a state official whose name and address have been substituted for the name and address of the child.

FDRL2

Eligibility for Coverage for Adopted Children

Any child under the age of 18 who is adopted by you, including a child who is placed with you for adoption, will be eligible for Dependent Insurance upon the date of placement with you. A child will be considered placed for adoption when you become legally obligated to support that child, totally or partially, prior to that child’s adoption.

If a child placed for adoption is not adopted, all health coverage ceases when the placement ends, and will not be continued.

The provisions in the “Exception for Newborns” section of this document that describe requirements for enrollment and effective date of insurance will also apply to an adopted child or a child placed with you for adoption.

FDRL6

Federal Tax Implications for Dependent Coverage

Premium payments for Dependent health insurance are usually exempt from federal income tax. Generally, if you can claim an individual as a Dependent for purposes of federal income tax, then the premium for that Dependent’s health insurance coverage will not be taxable to you as income. However, in the rare instance that you cover an individual under your health insurance who does not meet the federal definition of a Dependent, the premium may be taxable to you as income. If you have questions concerning your specific situation, you should consult your own tax consultant or attorney.

FDRL7

Group Plan Coverage Instead of Medicaid

If your income does not exceed 100% of the official poverty line and your liquid resources are at or below twice the Social

Security income level, the state may decide to pay premiums for this coverage instead of for Medicaid, if it is cost effective. This includes premiums for continuation coverage required by federal law.

FDRL10

COBRA Continuation Rights Under Federal Law

For You and Your Dependents

What is COBRA Continuation Coverage?

Under federal law, you and/or your Dependents must be given the opportunity to continue health insurance when there is a “qualifying event” that would result in loss of coverage under the Plan. You and/or your Dependents will be permitted to continue the same coverage under which you or your Dependents were covered on the day before the qualifying event occurred, unless you move out of that plan’s coverage area or the plan is no longer available. You and/or your Dependents cannot change coverage options until the next open enrollment period.

When is COBRA Continuation Available?

For you and your Dependents, COBRA continuation is available for up to 18 months from the date of the following qualifying events if the event would result in a loss of coverage under the Plan:

- your termination of employment for any reason, other than gross misconduct, or
- your reduction in work hours.

For your Dependents, COBRA continuation coverage is available for up to 36 months from the date of the following qualifying events if the event would result in a loss of coverage under the Plan:

- your death;
- your divorce or legal separation; or
- for a Dependent child, failure to continue to qualify as a Dependent under the Plan.

Who is Entitled to COBRA Continuation?

Only a “qualified beneficiary” (as defined by federal law) may elect to continue health insurance coverage. A qualified beneficiary may include the following individuals who were covered by the Plan on the day the qualifying event occurred: you, your spouse, and your Dependent children. Each qualified beneficiary has their own right to elect or decline COBRA continuation coverage even if you decline or are not eligible for COBRA continuation.

Certain individuals, such as domestic partners and non-adopted step children, are not qualified beneficiaries for



purposes of COBRA continuation coverage, and do not have a right to elect COBRA coverage even if they were covered under the Plan immediately prior to your qualifying event. Although these types of individuals are not qualified beneficiaries, you may be able to enroll them under your COBRA coverage pursuant to the Plan's open enrollment or special enrollment rules. If you enroll them under these rules, their coverage will terminate when your COBRA continuation coverage terminates.

FDRL20

V1 M

Secondary Qualifying Events

If, as a result of your termination of employment or reduction in work hours, your Dependent(s) have elected COBRA continuation coverage and one or more Dependents experience another COBRA qualifying event, the affected Dependent(s) may elect to extend their COBRA continuation coverage for an additional 18 months (7 months if the secondary event occurs within the disability extension period) for a maximum of 36 months from the initial qualifying event. The second qualifying event must occur before the end of the initial 18 months of COBRA continuation coverage or within the disability extension period discussed below. Under no circumstances will COBRA continuation coverage be available for more than 36 months from the initial qualifying event. Secondary qualifying events are: your death; your divorce or legal separation; or, for a Dependent child, failure to continue to qualify as a Dependent under the Plan.

Disability Extension

If, after electing COBRA continuation coverage due to your termination of employment or reduction in work hours, you or one of your Dependents is determined by the Social Security Administration (SSA) to be totally disabled under title II or XVI of the SSA, you and all of your Dependents who have elected COBRA continuation coverage may extend such continuation for an additional 11 months, for a maximum of 29 months from the initial qualifying event.

To qualify for the disability extension, all of the following requirements must be satisfied:

1. SSA must determine that the disability occurred prior to or within 60 days after the disabled individual elected COBRA continuation coverage; and
2. A copy of the written SSA determination must be provided to the Plan Administrator within 60 calendar days after the date the SSA determination is made AND before the end of the initial 18-month continuation period.

If the SSA later determines that the individual is no longer disabled, you must notify the Plan Administrator within 30 days after the date the final determination is made by SSA.

The 11-month disability extension will terminate for all covered persons on the first day of the month that is more than 30 days after the date the SSA makes a final determination that the disabled individual is no longer disabled.

All causes for "Termination of COBRA Continuation" listed below will also apply to the period of disability extension.

Medicare Extension for Your Dependents

When the qualifying event is your termination of employment or reduction in work hours and you became enrolled in Medicare (Part A, Part B or both) within the 18 months before the qualifying event, COBRA continuation coverage for your Dependents will last for up to 36 months after the date you became enrolled in Medicare. Your COBRA continuation coverage will last for up to 18 months from the date of your termination of employment or reduction in work hours.

FDRL21

Termination of COBRA Continuation

COBRA continuation coverage will be terminated upon the occurrence of any of the following:

- the end of the COBRA continuation period of 18, 29 or 36 months, as applicable;
- failure to pay the required premium within 30 calendar days after the due date;
- cancellation of the Employer's policy with CIGNA;
- after electing COBRA continuation coverage, a qualified beneficiary enrolls in Medicare (Part A, Part B, or both);
- after electing COBRA continuation coverage, a qualified beneficiary becomes covered under another group health plan, unless the qualified beneficiary has a condition for which the new plan limits or excludes coverage under a pre-existing condition provision. In such case coverage will continue until the earliest of: (a) the end of the applicable maximum period; (b) the date the pre-existing condition provision is no longer applicable; or (c) the occurrence of an event described in one of the first three bullets above; or
- any reason the Plan would terminate coverage of a participant or beneficiary who is not receiving continuation coverage (e.g., fraud).

FDRL22

V1

Employer's Notification Requirements

Your Employer is required to provide you and/or your Dependents with the following notices:

- An initial notification of COBRA continuation rights must be provided within 90 days after your (or your spouse's)



coverage under the Plan begins (or the Plan first becomes subject to COBRA continuation requirements, if later). If you and/or your Dependents experience a qualifying event before the end of that 90-day period, the initial notice must be provided within the time frame required for the COBRA continuation coverage election notice as explained below.

- A COBRA continuation coverage election notice must be provided to you and/or your Dependents within the following timeframes:
 - (a) if the Plan provides that COBRA continuation coverage and the period within which an Employer must notify the Plan Administrator of a qualifying event starts upon the loss of coverage, 44 days after loss of coverage under the Plan;
 - (b) if the Plan provides that COBRA continuation coverage and the period within which an Employer must notify the Plan Administrator of a qualifying event starts upon the occurrence of a qualifying event, 44 days after the qualifying event occurs; or
 - (c) in the case of a multi-employer plan, no later than 14 days after the end of the period in which Employers must provide notice of a qualifying event to the Plan Administrator.

How to Elect COBRA Continuation Coverage

The COBRA coverage election notice will list the individuals who are eligible for COBRA continuation coverage and inform you of the applicable premium. The notice will also include instructions for electing COBRA continuation coverage. You must notify the Plan Administrator of your election no later than the due date stated on the COBRA election notice. If a written election notice is required, it must be post-marked no later than the due date stated on the COBRA election notice. If you do not make proper notification by the due date shown on the notice, you and your Dependents will lose the right to elect COBRA continuation coverage. If you reject COBRA continuation coverage before the due date, you may change your mind as long as you furnish a completed election form before the due date.

Each qualified beneficiary has an independent right to elect COBRA continuation coverage. Continuation coverage may be elected for only one, several, or for all Dependents who are qualified beneficiaries. Parents may elect to continue coverage on behalf of their Dependent children. You or your spouse may elect continuation coverage on behalf of all the qualified beneficiaries. You are not required to elect COBRA continuation coverage in order for your Dependents to elect COBRA continuation.

How Much Does COBRA Continuation Coverage Cost?

Each qualified beneficiary may be required to pay the entire cost of continuation coverage. The amount may not exceed 102% of the cost to the group health plan (including both Employer and Employee contributions) for coverage of a similarly situated active Employee or family member. The premium during the 11-month disability extension may not exceed 150% of the cost to the group health plan (including both employer and employee contributions) for coverage of a similarly situated active Employee or family member. For example:

If the Employee alone elects COBRA continuation coverage, the Employee will be charged 102% (or 150%) of the active Employee premium. If the spouse or one Dependent child alone elects COBRA continuation coverage, they will be charged 102% (or 150%) of the active Employee premium. If more than one qualified beneficiary elects COBRA continuation coverage, they will be charged 102% (or 150%) of the applicable family premium.

When and How to Pay COBRA Premiums

First payment for COBRA continuation

If you elect COBRA continuation coverage, you do not have to send any payment with the election form. However, you must make your first payment no later than 45 calendar days after the date of your election. (This is the date the Election Notice is postmarked, if mailed.) If you do not make your first payment within that 45 days, you will lose all COBRA continuation rights under the Plan.

Subsequent payments

After you make your first payment for COBRA continuation coverage, you will be required to make subsequent payments of the required premium for each additional month of coverage. Payment is due on the first day of each month. If you make a payment on or before its due date, your coverage under the Plan will continue for that coverage period without any break.

Grace periods for subsequent payments

Although subsequent payments are due by the first day of the month, you will be given a grace period of 30 days after the first day of the coverage period to make each monthly payment. Your COBRA continuation coverage will be provided for each coverage period as long as payment for that coverage period is made before the end of the grace period for that payment. However, if your payment is received after the due date, your coverage under the Plan may be suspended during this time. Any providers who contact the Plan to confirm coverage during this time may be informed that coverage has been suspended. If payment is received before the end of the grace period, your coverage will be reinstated back to the beginning of the coverage period. This means that



any claim you submit for benefits while your coverage is suspended may be denied and may have to be resubmitted once your coverage is reinstated. If you fail to make a payment before the end of the grace period for that coverage period, you will lose all rights to COBRA continuation coverage under the Plan.

FDRL24

V2

You Must Give Notice of Certain Qualifying Events

If you or your Dependent(s) experience one of the following qualifying events, you must notify the Plan Administrator within 60 calendar days after the later of the date the qualifying event occurs or the date coverage would cease as a result of the qualifying event:

- Your divorce or legal separation;
- Your child ceases to qualify as a Dependent under the Plan; or .
- The occurrence of a secondary qualifying event as discussed under “Secondary Qualifying Events” above (this notice must be received prior to the end of the initial 18- or 29-month COBRA period).

(Also refer to the section titled “Disability Extension” for additional notice requirements.)

Notice must be made in writing and must include: the name of the Plan, name and address of the Employee covered under the Plan, name and address(es) of the qualified beneficiaries affected by the qualifying event; the qualifying event; the date the qualifying event occurred; and supporting documentation (e.g., divorce decree, birth certificate, disability determination, etc.).

Newly Acquired Dependents

If you acquire a new Dependent through marriage, birth, adoption or placement for adoption while your coverage is being continued, you may cover such Dependent under your COBRA continuation coverage. However, only your newborn or adopted Dependent child is a qualified beneficiary and may continue COBRA continuation coverage for the remainder of the coverage period following your early termination of COBRA coverage or due to a secondary qualifying event. COBRA coverage for your Dependent spouse and any Dependent children who are not your children (e.g., stepchildren) will cease on the date your COBRA coverage ceases and they are not eligible for a secondary qualifying event.

COBRA Continuation for Retirees Following Employer’s Bankruptcy

If you are covered as a retiree, and a proceeding in bankruptcy is filed with respect to the Employer under Title 11 of the United States Code, you may be entitled to COBRA

continuation coverage. If the bankruptcy results in a loss of coverage for you, your Dependents or your surviving spouse within one year before or after such proceeding, you and your covered Dependents will become COBRA qualified beneficiaries with respect to the bankruptcy. You will be entitled to COBRA continuation coverage until your death. Your surviving spouse and covered Dependent children will be entitled to COBRA continuation coverage for up to 36 months following your death. However, COBRA continuation coverage will cease upon the occurrence of any of the events listed under “Termination of COBRA Continuation” above.

FDRL25

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Trade Act of 2002

The Trade Act of 2002 created a new tax credit for certain individuals who become eligible for trade adjustment assistance and for certain retired Employees who are receiving pension payments from the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation (PBGC) (eligible individuals). Under the new tax provisions, eligible individuals can either take a tax credit or get advance payment of 65% of premiums paid for qualified health insurance, including continuation coverage. If you have questions about these new tax provisions, you may call the Health Coverage Tax Credit Customer Contact Center toll-free at 1-866-628-4282. TDD/TYY callers may call toll-free at 1-866-626-4282. More information about the Trade Act is also available at www.doleta.gov/tradeact/2002act_index.asp.

In addition, if you initially declined COBRA continuation coverage and, within 60 days after your loss of coverage under the Plan, you are deemed eligible by the U.S. Department of Labor or a state labor agency for trade adjustment assistance (TAA) benefits and the tax credit, you may be eligible for a special 60 day COBRA election period. The special election period begins on the first day of the month that you become TAA-eligible. If you elect COBRA coverage during this special election period, COBRA coverage will be effective on the first day of the special election period and will continue for 18 months, unless you experience one of the events discussed under “Termination of COBRA Continuation” above. Coverage will not be retroactive to the initial loss of coverage. If you receive a determination that you are TAA-eligible, you must notify the Plan Administrator immediately.

Interaction With Other Continuation Benefits

You may be eligible for other continuation benefits under state law. Refer to the Termination section for any other continuation benefits.

FDRL26



Notice of an Appeal or a Grievance

The appeal or grievance provision in this certificate may be superseded by the law of your state. Please see your explanation of benefits for the applicable appeal or grievance procedure.

GM6000 NOT90

The Following Will Apply To Residents of California

When You Have a Complaint or an Appeal

For the purposes of this section, any reference to "you", "your" or "Member" also refers to a representative or provider designated by you to act on your behalf, unless otherwise noted.

We want you to be completely satisfied with the care you receive. That is why we have established a process for addressing your concerns and solving your problems.

Start with Member Services

We are here to listen and help. If you have a concern regarding a person, a service, the quality of care, or contractual benefits, you can call our toll-free number and explain your concern to one of our Customer Service representatives. You can also express that concern in writing. Please call or write to us at the following:

Customer Services Toll-Free Number or address that appears on your Benefit Identification card, explanation of benefits or claim form.

We will do our best to resolve the matter on your initial contact. If we need more time to review or investigate your concern, we will get back to you as soon as possible, but in any case within 30 days.

If you are not satisfied with the results of a coverage decision, you can start the appeals procedure.

Appeals Procedure

CG has a two step appeals procedure for coverage decisions. To initiate an appeal, you must submit a request for an appeal in writing within 365 days of receipt of a denial notice. You should state the reason why you feel your appeal should be approved and include any information supporting your appeal. If you are unable or choose not to write, you may ask to register your appeal by telephone. Call or write to us at the toll-free number or address on your Benefit Identification card, explanation of benefits or claim form.

GM6000 APL539

Level One Appeal

Your appeal will be reviewed and the decision made by someone not involved in the initial decision. Appeals involving Medical Necessity or clinical appropriateness will be considered by a health care professional.

For level one appeals, we will respond in writing with a decision within 30 calendar days after we receive an appeal for a postservice coverage determination. If more time or information is needed to make the determination, we will notify you in writing to request an extension of up to 15 calendar days and to specify any additional information needed to complete the review.

GM6000 APL541

Level Two Appeal

If you are dissatisfied with our level one appeal decision, you may request a second review. To start a level two appeal, follow the same process required for a level one appeal.

Most requests for a second review will be conducted by the Appeals Committee, which consists of at least three people. Anyone involved in the prior decision may not vote on the Committee. For appeals involving Medical Necessity or clinical appropriateness, the Committee will consult with at least one Dentist reviewer in the same or similar specialty as the care under consideration, as determined by CG's Dentist reviewer. You may present your situation to the Committee in person or by conference call.

For level two appeals we will acknowledge in writing that we have received your request and schedule a Committee review. For postservice claims, the Committee review will be completed within 30 calendar days. If more time or information is needed to make the determination, we will notify you in writing to request an extension of up to 15 calendar days and to specify any additional information needed by the Committee to complete the review. You will be notified in writing of the Committee's decision within five working days after the Committee meeting, and within the Committee review time frames above if the Committee does not approve the requested coverage.

GM6000 APL545

Appeal to the State of California

You have the right to contact the California Department of Insurance for assistance at any time. The Commissioner may be contacted at the following address and fax number:



California Department of Insurance
Claims Service Bureau, Attn: IMR
300 South Spring Street
Los Angeles, CA 90013
Or fax to 213-897-5891

GM6000 APL546 V1

Notice of Benefit Determination on Appeal

Every notice of a determination on appeal will be provided in writing or electronically and, if an adverse determination, will include: (1) the specific reason or reasons for the adverse determination; (2) reference to the specific plan provisions on which the determination is based; (3) a statement that the claimant is entitled to receive, upon request and free of charge, reasonable access to and copies of all documents, records, and other Relevant Information as defined; (4) a statement describing any voluntary appeal procedures offered by the plan and the claimant's right to bring an action under ERISA section 502(a); (5) upon request and free of charge, a copy of any internal rule, guideline, protocol or other similar criterion that was relied upon in making the adverse determination regarding your appeal, and an explanation of the scientific or clinical judgment for a determination that is based on a Medical Necessity, experimental treatment or other similar exclusion or limit.

You also have the right to bring a civil action under Section 502(a) of ERISA if you are not satisfied with the decision on review. You or your plan may have other voluntary alternative dispute resolution options such as Mediation. One way to find out what may be available is to contact your local U.S. Department of Labor office and your State insurance regulatory agency. You may also contact the Plan Administrator.

Relevant Information

Relevant Information is any document, record, or other information which (a) was relied upon in making the benefit determination; (b) was submitted, considered, or generated in the course of making the benefit determination, without regard to whether such document, record, or other information was relied upon in making the benefit determination; (c) demonstrate compliance with the administrative processes and safeguards required by federal law in making the benefit determination; or (d) constitutes a statement of policy or guidance with respect to the plan concerning the denied treatment option or benefit or the claimant's diagnosis, without regard to whether such advice or statement was relied upon in making the benefit determination.

Legal Action

If your plan is governed by ERISA, you have the right to bring a civil action under Section 502(a) of ERISA if you are not satisfied with the outcome of the Appeals Procedure. In most instances, you may not initiate a legal action against CG until you have completed the Level One and Level Two Appeal processes. If your Appeal is expedited, there is no need to complete the Level Two process prior to bringing legal action.

GM6000 APL547

Definitions

CIGNA Dental Health (herein referred to as CDH)

CDH is a wholly-owned subsidiary of CIGNA Corporation that, on behalf of CG, contracts with Participating General Dentists for the provision of dental care. CDH also provides management and information services to Policyholders and Participating Dental Facilities.

DFS592

Coinsurance

The term Coinsurance means the percentage of charges for Covered Expenses that an insured person is required to pay under the Plan.

DFS17

Contracted Fee - CIGNA Dental Preferred Provider

The term Contracted Fee refers to the total compensation level that a provider has agreed to accept as payment for dental procedures and services performed on an Employee or Dependent, according to the Employee's dental benefit plan.

DFS1217

Dentist

The term Dentist means a person practicing dentistry or oral surgery within the scope of his license. It will also include a physician operating within the scope of his license when he performs any of the Dental Services described in the policy.

DFS24



Employer

The term Employer means the Policyholder and all Affiliated Employers.

DFS212

Maximum Reimbursable Charge

The Maximum Reimbursable Charge is the lesser of:

1. the provider’s normal charge for a similar service or supply; or
2. the policyholder-selected percentile of all charges made by providers of such service or supply in the geographic area where it is received.

To determine if a charge exceeds the Maximum Reimbursable Charge, the nature and severity of the Injury or Sickness may be considered.

CG uses the Ingenix Prevailing Health Care System database to determine the charges made by providers in an area. The database is updated semiannually.

The percentile used to determine the Maximum Reimbursable Charge is listed in the Schedule.

Additional information about the Maximum Reimbursable Charge is available upon request.

GM6000 DFS1814V1 (DEN)

Medicaid

The term Medicaid means a state program of medical aid for needy persons established under Title XIX of the Social Security Act of 1965 as amended.

DFS192

Medicare

The term Medicare means the program of medical care benefits provided under Title XVIII of the Social Security Act of 1965 as amended.

DFS149

Participating Provider - CIGNA Dental Preferred Provider

The term Participating Provider means: a dentist, or a professional corporation, professional association, partnership, or other entity which is entered into a contract with CG to provide dental services at predetermined fees.

The providers qualifying as Participating Providers may change from time to time. A list of the current Participating Providers will be provided by your Employer.

DFS1218